employee of the Senate or House of Representatives, by whom or on whose behalf expenditures are made from funds appropriated for the expenses of such group or delegation, shall file with the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate in the case of Members or employees of the Senate, or with the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives in the case of Members or employees of the House, an itemized report showing all such expenditures made by or on behalf of each Member or employee together with the purposes of the expenditure, including lodging, meals, transportation, and other purposes. Within sixty days after the beginning of each regular session of Congress, the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations and the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs shall prepare consolidated reports showing with respect to each such group or delegation the total amount expended, the purposes of the expenditures, the amount expended for each such purpose, the names of the Members or employees by or on behalf of whom the expenditures were made and the amount expended by or on behalf of each Member or employee for each such purpose. The consolidated reports prepared by the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate shall be filed with the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the consolidated reports prepared by the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House shall be filed with the Committee on House Administration of the House. Each such consolidated report shall be printed in the Congressional Record within ten days after receipt by the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate or the Committee on House Administration of the House.

(c) Section 60 of the Revised Statutes (2 U.S.C. 102) is amended

by adding at the end thereof a new paragraph as follows:
"Reports of the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives under this section shall be printed as Senate and

House documents, respectively."

No funds made available in this or any other Act shall be used to pay the expenses of travel or subsistence for any trip made by any Senator or Representative between the District of Columbia and his home State in the case of a Senator, or his district in the case of a Representative, other than (1) trips which are specifically authorized by law for mileage or transportation expense of Senators and Representatives, (2) official participation in the funeral services of deceased Senators or Representatives, or (3) official trips originating in the Senator's State or Representative's district during periods when Congress is not in session.

This Act may be cited as the "Legislative Branch Appropriation Short title.

Act, 1961".

Approved July 12, 1960.

Public Law 86-629

AN ACT

To provide for promotion of economic and social development in the Ryukyu

July 12, 1960 [H. R. 1157]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, in the exercise by the President of the authority over the Ryukyu Islands granted the United States by article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan, every

3 UST 3172.

Revenues.

effort shall be made to improve the welfare and well-being of the mhabitants of the Ryukyu Islands and to promote their economic and cultural advancement, during such time as the United States con-

tinues to retain authority over the Ryukyu Islands.

Sec. 2. All fines, fees, forfeitures, taxes, assessments, and any other revenues received by the Government of the Ryukyu Islands shall be covered into the treasury of the Ryukyu Islands and shall be available for expenditure by the Government of the Ryukyu Islands.

Sec. 3. Revenues derived by the United States civil administration of the Ryukyu Islands from the following sources shall be deposited in separate funds, which are hereby authorized to be established by the High Commissioner of the Ryukyu Islands, and shall be available for obligation and expenditure in accordance with annual budget programs approved by the President:

(a) Public-benefit trusts, business-type operations, funds, and enterprises established by the civil administration of the Ryukyu Islands,

or its predecessor agencies;

(b) Corporations wholly or partly owned by the civil administra-

tion of the Ryukyu Islands; and

(c) Fines, fees, and forfeitures received by the civil administration

of the Ryukyu Islands.

Sec. 4. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated not to exceed \$6,000,000 in any fiscal year for obligation and expenditure in accordance with programs approved by the President, for: (a) promoting the economic development of the Ryukyu Islands and improving the welfare of the inhabitants thereof; (b) reimbursing the Government of the Ryukyu Islands for services performed for the benefit of and by reason of the presence of the Armed Forces of the United States within the Ryukyu Islands, including but not limited to reimbursement for such services in the fields of public health and safety, in annual amounts which may be paid in advance to the Government of the Ryukyu Islands; and (c) emergency purposes related to typhoons or other disasters in the Ryukyu Islands. Preference shall be given to programs in which the Government of the Ryukyu Islands participates by sharing part of the costs or contributing other resources.

Sec. 5. The term "Ryukyu Islands," as used in this Act, means

Nansei Shoto south of twenty-nine degrees north latitude, excluding the islands in the Amami Oshima group with respect to which all rights and interests of the United States under article 3 of the Treaty

of Peace with Japan have been relinquished to Japan.

SEC. 6. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to extend the application of any law of the United States to the Ryukyu Islands which

would not otherwise be applicable there.

SEC. 7. All financial transactions of the United States civil administration of the Ryukyu Islands, including such transactions of all agencies or instrumentalities established or utilized by such administration, shall be audited by the General Accounting Office in accordance with the provisions of the Budget and Accounting Act, 1921, as amended, and the Accounting and Auditing Act of 1950, as amended. The representatives of the General Accounting Office shall have access to all books, accounts, records, reports, files, and all other papers, things, or property belonging to or in use by such administration, agencies, or instrumentalities, and necessary to facilitate the audit. This section does not apply to the Government of the Ryukyu Islands. Approved July 12, 1960.

"Ryukyu Is-

Appropriation.

42 Stat. 20. 31 USC 1. 64 Stat. 834. 31 USC 65 note.

Exception.